

Assessing and Addressing Needs in North Central Washington



Assessing Health Needs

- CHNA Updated every 3 years
- Can be a joint report and health system collaboration is encouraged
- Recommended steps:
 - Form assessment/advisory team
 - Define community to include primary and secondary service areas and types of patients served
 - Base on review of Public Health Data
 - Collect diverse community input
 - Analyze data
 - Validate priorities compare with community asset inventory
 - Identify 3 to 10 priorities and align with organizational, state and national priorities
 - Document and distribute



Addressing Health Needs

- Adopt an implementation strategy to meet the needs identified in the CHNA (also known as Community Health Improvement Plan)
- Hospitals written implementation plan describes
 - The actions hospital intends to take to address the health needs
 - The anticipated impact of these actions
 - A plan to evaluate the impact
 - The programs and resources the hospital plans to commit to address the need
 - Any planned collaboration between the hospital facility and other partners.
 - Explanation of why the hospital does not intend to meet the health need.

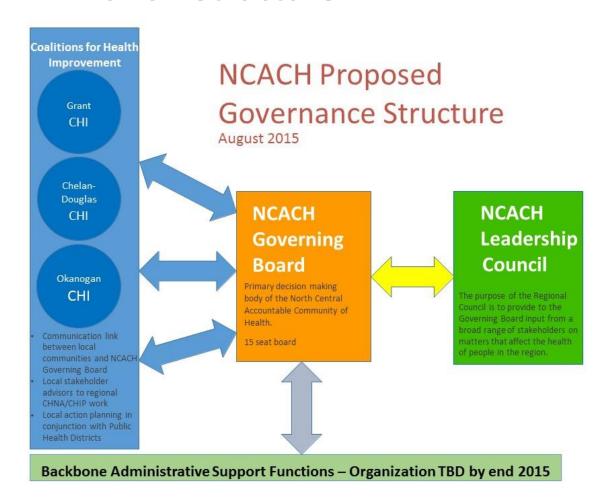


North Central ACH

- Work began in June 2014 funded
- NCACH Governing Board selected and began meeting July 2015
- Overarching goals align with state goals:
 - Better Health
 - Better Systems of Care
 - Lower Costs
- Areas of Work
 - Governance and building administrative capacity
 - Serve as a coordinating role between regional ACH partners and state partners
 - Health improvement and measuring (CHNA/CHIP)
 - Health and Delivery System Transformation
- Regional Initiatives
 - Care Transformation Initiative
 - Childhood Obesity Initiative



NCACH Structure



5

Spectrum of Stakeholder Engagement*

* Uncommon Solutions

Cooperation

Collaborative Partnership

Formal Public/Private

County CHI

Definition:

A collection of diverse stakeholders that identify and shape joint efforts. This level of engagement can provide a mechanism to organize, plan, and implement common goals.

Goals: Common goals are identified with stakeholder input.

Governance: Does not include stakeholder governance authority.

Leadership Council

Definition:

A formal assembly of stakeholders with unique knowledge and skills. This level of engagement allows for recommendations and guidance regarding direction, implementation and resourcing of shared goals.

Goals: Common goals and priorities are identified and agreed by stakeholders.
Governance: Can include formal project governance, including written agreements that detail project charter and any bylaws.

NCACH

Definition:

A venture that is jointly controlled, funded and operated by public, private and community partners. This level of engagement assumes shared risks and rewards including leadership, accountability, and combined resources.

Goals: Vision, purpose and priorities are mutually set by the partnership.

Governance: Does include formal authority and structure to govern the project. Partners develop and adhere to written agreements and by laws.

Lower Intensity

Higher Intensity

North Central Accountable Community of Health

Determinants Of Health

Sources:

Chart from SHCIP p. 49.

University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute's **County Health Rankings** model 2010.

http://www.countyhealthran kings.org/aboutproject/background

The Future of the Public's Health in the 21st Century, Institute of Medicine, National Academies Press, 2002, www.nap.edu

Factors

40%

- Education
- Employment
- Income
- Family/social support
- Community safety

Áhysical

Environment

10%

Environmental quality

Buildenvironment

Socio-Economic Health Behaviors 30%

- Tobacco use.
- Diet and exercise
- Alcoholuse
- Unsafe sex.

Health Care

20%

- Access to care
- Quality of care

Porth Central Active Ac

Isolated vs. Collaborative Impact



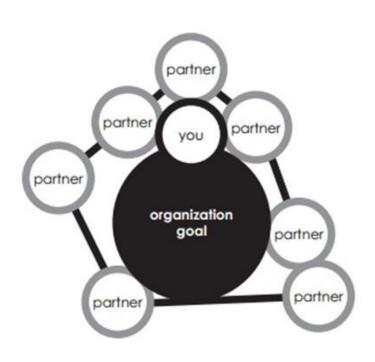


Organizations Connecting to Reach Their Own Goals

Organizations Working Together to

Reach the Same Shared Goal





Adapted from Building Capacity for Collective Impact Toolkit Series

Specialized Agendas

Fragmented Measurements

Independent Activities

Sporadic Communication

Unsupported Efforts

North Central Health Literal Literal

Elements of Collective Impact



Adapted from Building Capacity for Collective Impact Toolkit Series

Common Agenda Shared Measurements Mutually Reinforcing Activities Continuous Communication Backbone Organization



Collaborative Premise

If you bring the appropriate people together in constructive ways with good information, they will create authentic visions and strategies for addressing the shared concerns of the organizations and the community.

David D. Chrislip
The Collaborative Leadership Fieldbook



