Managed Care Organization 101: North Central ACH February 6, 2017

Presented jointly by Amerigroup Washington, Community Health Plan of Washington, Coordinated Care, Molina Healthcare of Washington and UnitedHealthcare

What is Medicaid Managed Care?

- Managed Care is a health care delivery system organized to manage cost, utilization, and clinical and service quality.
- By contracting with Managed Care Health Plans (MCOs), states can reduce Medicaid costs and better manage utilization of health services.
- MCO contracts with the State Medicaid Agency are profit-limited contracts.
- MCOs strive to reinvest cost savings through shared savings programs and provider partnerships.
- Improvement in health plan performance, health care quality, and outcomes are key objectives of Medicaid managed care.

Medicaid Managed Care in Washington Today

- 1.6 million Washingtonians enrolled in Apple Health (Medicaid) and approximately 98% are enrolled in managed care
- The five MCOs are Amerigroup, Community Health Plan of Washington, Coordinated Care, Molina Healthcare of Washington and UnitedHealthcare
- MCOs are contracted with the state to deliver Medicaid State Plan Services (physical health and mild to moderate mental health services) to Medicaid beneficiaries
- In SW Washington, Fully Integrated Managed Care (FIMC) went live on 4-1-2016, with the full continuum of physical and behavioral health services within one contract. CHPW and Molina are the 2 FIMC MCOs in SW.
- The North Central Region is currently moving towards FIMC and is expected to go live January 1, 2018.

Role of MCOs in Washington

- MCOs provide coordinated care through a defined network of health care systems and providers.
- The MCO role goes far beyond paying medical claims and authorizing services...MCOs emphasize care for the Whole Person today by investing significant time and resources toward:
 - Health Promotion, & Wellness
 - Building & Maintaining Provider Networks
 - Engaging & Partnering with Communities
 - Assuring Clinical and Service Quality
 - Monitoring & Maintaining Compliance & Program Integrity
 - Facilitating Care Management, and
 - Proactively identifying individual & population health needs

Benefits/Services/Provider Types

Current (Apple Health Contract) Medicaid MCO Covered Services	Future (FIMC Contract) Medicaid MCO Covered Services**
Primary Care	Primary Care
Specialty Services (e.g Cardiology, Podiatry)	Specialty Services (e.g Cardiology, Podiatry)
Pharmacy	Pharmacy
Emergency Department	Emergency Department
Urgent Care	Urgent Care
Inpatient Care	Inpatient Care
Mild/Moderate Mental Health	Mental Health Treatment
	Substance Use Treatment
	Inpatient Behavioral Health

^{**} MCOs also cover Non-Medicaid Wrap Around Services & Behavioral Health Services for BHSO Medicaid Clients

Building Provider Networks

- Contract with providers to ensure the availability of a sufficient number and type of providers within a required distance to meet the diverse needs of the members
- Networks are routinely monitored to ensure Access & Availability standards are maintained
- To engage providers, most MCOs offer a continuum of payment approaches including value based models for provider partners to provide opportunities to share savings and be rewarded for high quality care

Contracting and Credentialing

Contracting

- Each MCO has contracting reps to individually work with providers
- Build the contract that works for the provider and their services

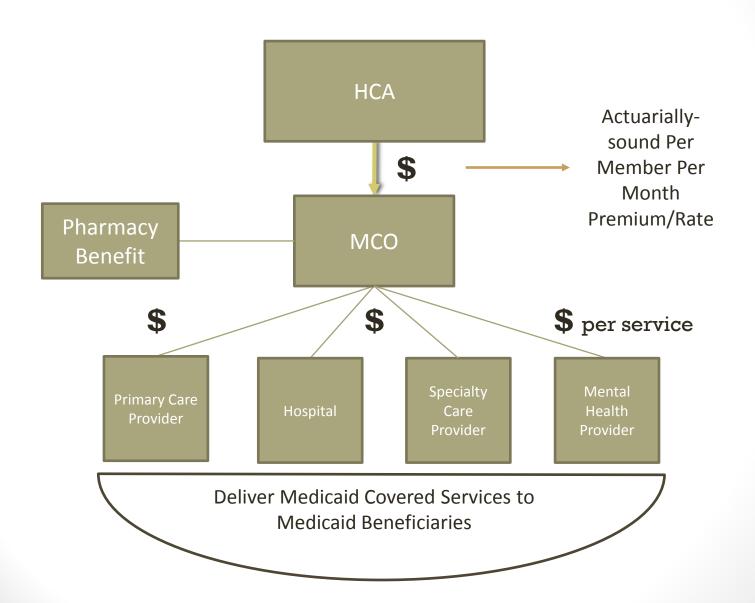


- Once a contract is signed, clinics and providers start getting enrolled in the MCO's provider network
- Ability to include peers and non-licensed staff under "Agency-Affiliated" credentialing



 Once credentialed, a provider can begin to bill for services

MCO Funds Flow Visual-Current



Financial Details

- MCOs are risk-bearing entities contracted by HCA for the full continuum of Covered Benefits
- MCOs have risk-adjusted rates by population
- MCOs are profit-limited.
- MCOs maintain sufficient reserves as required by the OIC
- MCOs have payment model expertise

Administrative Processes

- Successful bidders work to streamline and standardize administrative processes
 - Examples from SW WA
 - FIMC Behavioral Health Provider Credentialing
 - e.g. Practitioners associated with a Certified Mental Health Agency (CMHA) do not require individual credentialing as the CMHA is credentialed at the Agency/Organization level.
 - Joint Provider Trainings/Workshops
 - Highly aligned Prior Authorization requirements, utilization and case management collaboration
 - Billing process assistance

Preparing for FIMC – From Transition to Transformation

Transition

- Continuity of Care for Clients
- Timely Payment to Providers
- Monitoring Community Impact

Transformation

- Collaborating with the Community to develop Integrated Care Models
- Promotion of Best & Promising Practices
- Technical Assistance for Behavioral Health Provider Capacity Building

Questions?